THE ECONOMICS OF PHILANTHROPY



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AGENDA

- What is philanthropy?
- Determinants
- Implications

WHAT IS PHILANTHROPY?

 "Philanthropy is defined as benevolent behavior, usually in the form of charitable gifts, toward

others in society."

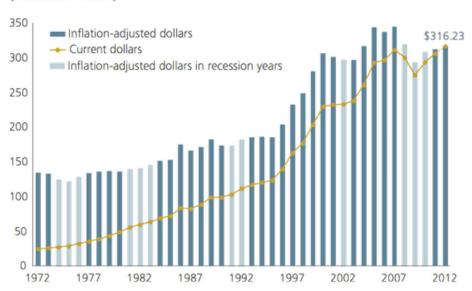




SCOPE

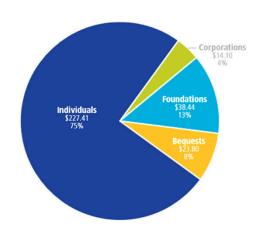
	World Giving Index ranking	World Giving Index score (%)	Helping a stranger score (%)	Donating money score (%)	Volunteering time score (%)
United States of America	1	61	77	62	45
Canada	2	58	64	68	42
Myanmar	2	58	46	85	43
New Zealand	2	58	67	67	40
Ireland	5	57	64	70	37

Total giving, 1972–2012 (in billions of dollars)



CHARITABLE GIVING BY SOURCE

2009 Contributions: \$303.75 billion by type of recipient organization (\$ in billions — All figures are rounded)



MODELS

• Rational choice of donation:

$$U = u(d) - u(p) > 0$$

then donate

- U is the net utility from donating
- ou(d): utility from donation
- ou(p): utility from alternative uses of money
- Large donors > \$200k per year

U(D): WARM GLOW

- Intangible, positive feelings derived from the act of helping others
 - Influences the types of charities to donate to
 - "Compassion collapse"



U(D): REWARDS

- Prizes and rewards
 - NPR
 - List (2005):

 Incentives increase
 the rate and
 average amount of
 donation

Table 2: Summary Statistics

	VCM	Single-Prize Lottery (SPL)
Total Households	1186	963
Approached		
Total Households Home	446	363
# of Households that Contributed	113	165
Percent of Households Contributing	25.3%	45.5%
Total Amount Raised	\$452.27	\$688.04

U(D): HYPERAGENCY

 Hyperagency is the ability to be a producer and creator of the organizational life of the society rather than simply a supporter and participant



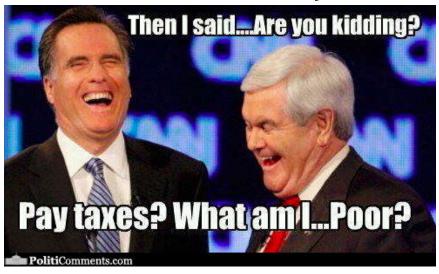
 Rich like having control of how their donations are utilized

U(D): TAX POLICY

 Tax subsidies heavily skewed towards rich

 Reasons: wealthy more likely to itemize and reduced tax liability is

worth more



U(D): SIGNALING

Signaling

- Wealth
- Compassion
- 75% of donations above \$50 million are given to hospitals, universities and the arts

Category Reporting

- Prestige
- If bracket < original amount then donate the original amount
- If Cost of giving > Benefit of prestige then the donor will donate the original amount



U(P): INCOME EFFECTS

- Self-defined level of financial security
 - The Great Recession reduced total giving by 7.0% in 2008 and by another 6.2% in 2009.
- Additional motives at play:
 - Identification with the fate of others
 - Gratitude
 - Desire for Hyperagency
 - Minimalizing estate taxes

Table 5-5. Charitable Giving by Net Worth and Financial Security Percent, unless otherwise noted

Level of financial security	Less than 8	8 or 9	10	All levels
Panel 1	A: Net worth of \$15	5 million or les	3	
Average charitable donation				
(dollars)	32,114	69,036	369,778	116,778
Average share of income				
contributed	5.0	6.6	23.4	9.5
Average share of net worth				
contributed	0.4	0.5	3.0	1.0
Panel B:	Net worth of more	than \$15 mill	ion	
Average charitable donation	•			
(dollars)	228,333	1,044,265	3,779,159	2,234,681
Average share of income				
contributed	7.6	19.2	51.0	32.9
Average share of net worth				
contributed	0.7	2.0	3.9	2.8
I	Panel C: All levels of	net worth		
Average charitable donation				
(dollars)	58,872	603,839	2,598,988	1,108,707
Average share of income				
contributed	5.4	13.5	41.5	20.4
Average share of net worth				
contributed	0.5	1.3	3.6	1.8

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

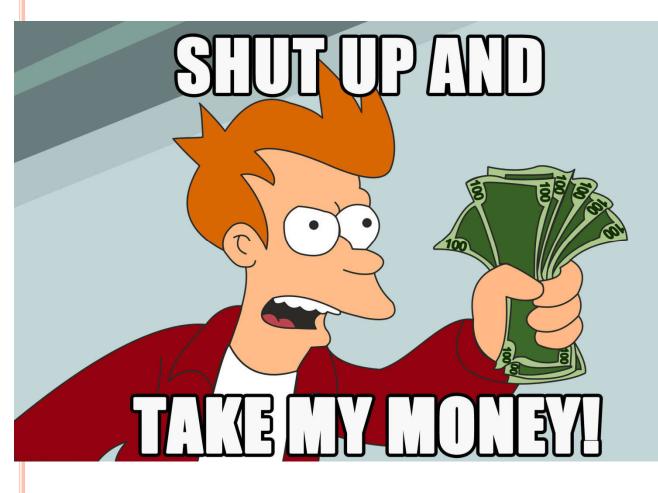
- Philanthropy is a rational choice that people make
- Increased visibility of donations: bumper stickers, community awards, category reporting (signalling)
- Offer prizes and rewards to attract more donations
- Irrational donations? Landry et al (2009) Beauty effect:
 - Attractive solicitors generate more donations

	Donation	Donation Prior
Remove WF Beauty	3.30	4.21
N = 33	(1.08)	(0.65)
Add WF Beauty	4.85	3.56
N = 27	(1.91)	(0.49)

AREAS FOR FURTHER RESEARCH

- International philanthropic landscape
 - U.S. vs. other countries
- Foreign aid and foreign policy
- Non-monetary donations
 - Time, labor
- Effects of technology/internet on donations -> social media
- Moral issues
 - Are donations for the wrong reasons sustainable?
 - Quantity of donations vs. quality

QUESTIONS?





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